Translation

PATENT COOPERATION TREATY

PCT/DE2003/004065

PCT

INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION REPORT

(PCT Article 36 and Rule 70)

Applicant's or agent's file reference	See Notification of Transmittal of International						
2002P19801WO	FOR FURTHER ACTION Preliminary Examination Report (Form PCT/IPEA/416)						
International application No.	International filing date (day/month/year) Priority date (day/month/year) 10 December 2003 (10.12.2003) 28 January 2003 (28.01.2003)						
PCT/DE2003/004065 International Patent Classification (IPC) or	10 200011002 2000 (2011212012)						
B60Q 3/04	ational classification and if C						
Applicant	SIEMENS AKTIENGESELLSCHAFT						
	SIEIVIEI VOI AKTILI VOI DELE CITAT						
This international preliminary examined and is transmitted to the applicant	nination report has been prepared by this International Preliminary Examining Authority according to Article 36.						
2. This REPORT consists of a total of	f sheets, including this cover sheet.						
amended and are the basis	nied by ANNEXES, i.e., sheets of the description, claims and/or drawings which have been or this report and/or sheets containing rectifications made before this Authority (see Rule e Administrative Instructions under the PCT).						
These annexes consist of a	total of sheets.						
3. This report contains indications re	ating to the following items:						
I Basis of the repor	I Basis of the report						
II Priority							
III Non-establishmer	t of opinion with regard to novelty, inventive step and industrial applicability						
IV Lack of unity of i							
V Reasoned statement citations and expl	nt under Article 35(2) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; anations supporting such statement						
VI Certain documen	s cited						
VII Certain defects in	the international application						
VIII Certain observati	ons on the international application						
Date of submission of the demand	Date of completion of this report						
27 April 2004 (27.0	4.2004) 12 April 2005 (12.04.2005)						
Name and mailing address of the IPBA/I	Authorized officer						
Facsimile No.	Telephone No.						

International application No.

PCT/DE2003/004065

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1. With		the elements of the international application:*	
\boxtimes	the inte	mational application as originally filed	
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	pages		, as originally filed
	pages	2, 2a , filed with the letter of	, filed with the demand 09 September 2004 (09.09.2004)
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	pages	·	
	pages	2-8	, as originally filed
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	pages	1/2-2/2	, as originally filed
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* Replac in this and 70	the	ndments have resulted in the cancellation of: ne description, pages	ation under Article 14 are referred to ot contain amendments (Rule 70.16
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International application No. PCT/DE 03/04065

/. Re	Reasoned statement under Article 35(2) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement					
. 8	Statement					
	Novelty (N)	Claims	1-8	YES		
		Claims		NO		
	Inventive step (IS)	Claims		YES		
		Claims	1-8	NO		
	Industrial applicability (IA)	Claims	1-8	YES		
		Claims		NO		

- Citations and explanations
 - 1 Reference is made to the following documents:
 - D1: US-B-6 499 8521 (TAKAHASHI TOSHINORI ET AL)
 - 31 December 2002
 - D2: FR-A-2 761 029 (MAGNETI MARELLI FRANCE)
 25 September 1998
 - D3: PATENT ABSTRACTS OF JAPAN, Vol. 1998, No. 14,
 - 31 December 1998 & JP-A-10 260 063 (YAZAKI CORP),
 - 29 September 1998
 - D4: FR-A-2 779 683 (MAGNETI MARELLI FRANCE)
 17 December 1999
 - D5: DE-A-198 00 389 (SAGEM) 6 August 1998
 - D6: GB-A-1 522 542 (VDO SCHINDLING) 23 August 1978.
 - The present application does not comply with the requirements of PCT Article 33(3), because the subject matter of claims 1 8 does not involve an inventive step.
 - 3 <u>INDEPENDENT CLAIM 1</u>

Document D1 is considered to be the closest prior art for the subject matter of independent claim 1. D1 discloses the following features of claim 1 (the references in parentheses are to D1):

a combined instrument (abstract) comprising a printed circuit board on which a display field is mounted directly (column 11, lines 1 and 2), and

a frame in which the printed circuit board is accommodated (figure 14), a light source which generates light for a display illumination being provided on the printed circuit board (column 10, lines 66 and 67).

In D1, a reflecting mirror which is accommodated in the frame in a region adjoining the printed circuit board is provided (column 10, lines 51 to 56; figure 14). The reflecting mirror is arranged in such a way that light emitted by the light source is radiated onto the display field by the reflecting mirror (column 10, lines 51 to 56; figure 14).

The subject matter of claim 1 differs therefore from the known combined instrument in that an optical waveguide is used instead of the reflecting mirror.

The problem addressed by the present invention can therefore be considered that of devising a combined instrument for deflecting the light between the light source and the display field, which is an alternative to the combined instrument known from D1 and which has a simple and economical structure.

An alternative of this kind is shown in D3 (figure 1; abstract), where an optical waveguide is used to deflect the light between the light source and the display field instead of the reflecting mirror. However, it is generally known to those skilled in the art that in this case the feature 'reflecting mirror' is equivalent to the feature 'optical waveguide' known from document D3 and can be interchanged with it, if necessary.

A person skilled in the art would thereby arrive at a combined instrument as per claim 1 without exercising inventive skill.

Consequently, the subject matter of claim 1 does not involve an inventive step.

4 DEPENDENT CLAIMS 2-8

Claims 2 - 8 do not appear to contain any additional features which, in combination with the features of any claim to which the claims refer, meet the PCT requirements for inventive step. The reasons are as follows:

- 4.1 <u>Claim 2:</u> The feature whereby the display field is in the form of a dial printed on the printed circuit board is a conventional measure (see, e.g., D2, page 3, line 35 to page 4, line 3).
- 4.2 Claim 3: The feature whereby the display field is in the form of a dial glued to the printed circuit board is only one of several obvious possibilities from which a person skilled in the art would choose according to the circumstances, without thereby being inventive (see, e.g., D4, page 5, line 32 to page 6, line 2).
- 4.3 Claim 4: The feature whereby the optical waveguide has an input and an output surface and the optical waveguide at least partially surrounds the light source on the printed circuit board is a conventional measure (see, e.g., D2, figure 1).
- 4.4 Claim 5: Furthermore, D2 discloses that the light source is a light-emitting diode above which the optical waveguide is arranged and which inputs the emitted light directly into the optical waveguide (page 4, line 33 to page 5, line 6; figure 1).

International application No. PCT/DE 03/04065

However, this is a conventional measure.

- 4.5 <u>Claim 6:</u> D2 further discloses that the optical waveguide deflects the emitted light between the input and the output surfaces (page 5, lines 3 to 6; figure 1). However, this is a conventional measure.
- 4.6 <u>Claim 7:</u> The feature whereby the optical waveguide is made of plastic integral with the frame is also a conventional measure (see, e.g., D3, abstract; figure 1).
- 4.7 <u>Claim 8:</u> The feature whereby the frame and the optical waveguide are produced in one piece by the two-component injection moulding process is only one of several obvious possibilities from which a person skilled in the art would choose according to the circumstances, without thereby being inventive.
- 5 The subject matter of claims 1-8 is industrially applicable.